

Gross Domestic Product (2010)

2.

国内総生産の構成 (2010年)

(trillion yen)

		Output approach to GDP 生産面から捉えたGDP	Rate of increase over the preceding year 対前年増加率 (%)
1. Industries	産業	445.9	4.7
Agriculture, forestry & fisheries	農林水産業	5.7	-7.4
Mining	鉱業	0.2	2.3
Manufacturing	製造業	108.6	18.2
Construction	建設業	25.9	-0.9
Electricity, gas supply and water	電気・ガス・水道業	11.0	10.5
Wholesale and retail trade	卸売・小売業	63.6	0.8
Finance and insurance	金融・保険業	27.7	1.4
Real estate	不動産業	58.2	1.2
Transportation and postal services	運輸業	23.7	4.2
Information and communications	情報通信業	28.4	1.9
Services	サービス業	92.5	0.8
2. Producers of Government Services	政府サービス生産者	46.0	-1.0
Electricity, gas supply and water utilities	電気・ガス・水道業	3.0	-1.8
Service industry	サービス業	12.2	-0.9
Government	公務	30.8	-0.9
3. Producers of Private Non-profit Services for Households	対家計民間非営利サービス生産者	10.6	4.9
Education	教育	5.0	2.8
Others	その他	5.6	6.9
Total	小計	502.7	4.2
Import Duties, Imputed Interest, Discrepancies, Etc.	輸入税、帰属利子、不突合等	8.6	—
Gross Domestic Product	国内総生産 (GDP)	511.3	4.4

(trillion yen)

	Expenditure approach to GDP 支出面から捉えたGDP	Rate of increase over the preceding year 対前年増加率 (%)
Private Final Consumption Expenditure		
民間最終消費支出	300.0	2.6
Government Final Consumption Expenditure		
政府最終消費支出	97.5	2.1
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation		
国内総固定資本形成	98.1	-0.2
Changes in Inventories		
在庫品増加	-1.4	—
Exports of Goods and Services		
財貨・サービスの輸出	82.3	24.2
(Less) Imports of Goods and Services (控除) 財貨・サービスの輸入	65.3	11.1
Gross Domestic Expenditure (GDE)		
国内総支出 (GDE)	511.3	4.4

Source: Economic and Social Research Institute, Cabinet Office