

2. Gross Domestic Product (2009)

国内総生産の構成（2009年）

(trillion yen)

		Output approach to GDP 生産面から捉えたGDP	A rate of increase over the preceding year 対前年増加率 (%)
1. Industries	産業	462.5	-8.7
Agriculture, forestry & fisheries	農林水産業	8.0	-10.9
Mining	鉱業	0.2	-36.5
Manufacturing	製造業	104.6	-19.7
Construction	建設業	29.4	-0.6
Electricity, gas supply and water	電気・ガス・水道業	12.6	-15.6
Wholesale and retail trade	卸売・小売業	59.6	-12.1
Finance and insurance	金融・保険業	27.0	-5.9
Real estate	不動産業	63.3	0.5
Transport and communication	運輸・通信業	36.3	-9.6
Services	サービス業	120.4	-3.6
2. Producers of Government Services	政府サービス生産者	50.8	1.9
Electricity, gas supply and water	電気・ガス・水道業	5.1	0.3
Services	サービス業	13.9	-0.3
Government	公務	31.9	3.1
3. Producers of Private Non-profit Services for Households	対家計民間非営利サービス生産者	11.9	2.3
Education	教育	5.3	1.7
Others	その他	6.5	2.8
Total	小計	525.6	-7.5
Import Duties, Imputed Interest, Discrepancies, Etc.		-6.3	-
	輸入税、帰属利子、不突合等		
Gross Domestic Product	国内総生産 (GDP)	519.3	-6.3

(trillion yen)

	Expenditure approach to GDP 支出面から捉えたGDP	A rate of increase over the preceding year 対前年増加率 (%)
Private Final Consumption Expenditure		
民間最終消費支出	301.7	-1.9
Government Final Consumption Expenditure		
政府最終消費支出	100.0	3.0
Gross Domestic Fixed Capital Formation		
国内総固定資本形成	104.9	-11.7
Changes in Inventories		
在庫品増加	-4.4	-
Exports of Goods and Services		
財貨・サービスの輸出	67.6	-23.9
(Less) Imports of Goods and Services (控除) 財貨・サービスの輸入	52.1	-15.3
Gross Domestic Expenditure (GDE)		
国内総支出 (GDE)	519.3	-6.3

Source: Economic and Social Research Institute, Cabinet Office.