## **Statistical Indicators**

conomy

The Japanese economy is on a moderate recovery. Concerning short-term prospects, the economy is expected to recover, supported by the effects of policies, while employment and income situation is improving. However, attention should be given to the uncertainty in overseas economies and the effects of fluctuations in financial and capital markets ("Monthly Economic Report", June, 2017).

The number of employees in May was 570 thousand increases over the previous year. The unemployment rate, seasonally adjusted, was 3.1%<sup>2</sup>.

Active job openings-to-applicants ratio\* in May, seasonally adjusted, was 1.49<sup>5</sup>.

\* Active job openings-to-applicants ratio: An indicator published monthly by MHLW, showing the tightness of labor supply and demand. It indicates the number of job openings per job applicant at public employment security offices.

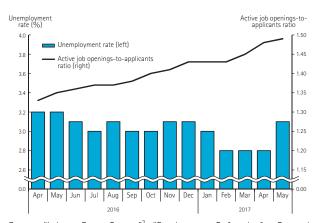
In April, total cash earnings (for establishments with 5 or more employees) increased by 0.5% and real wages (total cash earnings) were on a par year-on-year. Total hours worked decreased by 0.7% year-

on-year, while scheduled hours worked fell by 0.8%.

## onsumer price index

In May, the consumer price index for all items increased by 0.4% year-on-year, the consumer price index for all items less fresh food rose by 0.4%, and the consumer price index for all items less fresh food and energy was on a par year-on-year<sup>3</sup>.

Vorkers' household economy
In May, consumption expenditure by workers' households increased by 2.8% year-on-year nominally and by 2.3% in real terms<sup>4</sup>.



Source: "Labour Force Survey" $^2$ ; "Employment Referrals for General Workers." $^5$ 

(%)

2.0

Consumer price index for Japan excluding imputed rents of house owners (right)

1.0

Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Apr | Apr | May | Apr | Apr | May | Apr | A

Total cash earnings (left)

Source: "Monthly Labor Survey" $^6$ ; "Consumer Price Index" $^3$ ; "Employment Referrals for General Workers." $^5$ 

Figure 1. Unemployment rate and active job openings— Figure 2. Total cash earnings / real wages annual to-applicants ratio (seasonally adjusted) Figure 2. Total cash earnings / real wages annual

See the websites below for details.

The Japan Institute for Labour Policy and Training. "Main Labor Economic Indicators," http://www.jil.go.jp/english/estatis/eshuyo/index.html

Notes: 1. Cabinet Office, "Monthly Economic Report" analyzes trends in the Japanese and world economics, and indicating the assessment by the Japanese government. Published once a month, http://www5.cao.go.jp/keizai3/getsurei-e/index-e.html

- 2. Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications (MIC), "Labour Force Survey," http://www.stat.go.jp/english/data/roudou/results/month/index.htm
- 3. MIC, "Consumer Price Index," http://www.stat.go.jp/english/data/cpi/index.htm
- 4. MIC, "Family Income and Expenditure Survey," http://www.stat.go.jp/english/data/kakei/index.htm
- 5. Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (MHLW), "Employment Referrals for General Workers," http://www.mhlw.go.jp/english/database/db-l/g workers may2017.html
- 6. MHLW, "Monthly Labour Survey," http://www.mhlw.go.jp/english/database/db-l/29/2904pe/2904pe.html